—	0.1	Revision nr. 4
Talker	n Color Srl	Dated 19/12/2024
A0090 - 9083 - PRIMER	ANTICORROS	Page n. 1/20
		Replaced revision:3 (Dated: 19/12/2024)
According	g to Annex II to REACH	ta Sheet - Regulation (EU) 2020/878
SECTION 1. Identification of the subs	stance/mixture a	and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	40000 0000	
Code: Product name	A0090 - 9083 PRIMER ANTICORR	OSIVO METALLI
Chemical name and synonym UFI :	PRIMER MONOCOM ER40-S0Q1-N000-18	
	ER40-30Q1-N000-10	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or m		sed against
Intended use PRIMER ANTICORRO	DSIVO METALLI	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Name Full address	Talken Color Srl via Don Milani 15	
District and Country	20025 Legnano (Mi)	
	Italia	
	Tel. 0331/579100	
	Fax 0331/579372	
e-mail address of the competent person	(
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	tecnico@talkencolo	t
1.4. Emergency telephone number		
For urgent inquiries refer to	CENTRO ANTIVELEI	NI dI Milano-Niguarda Tel 0266101029
SECTION 2. Hazards identification		
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		
supplements). The product thus requires a safety datash		in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.
Any additional information concerning the risks for health		
Hazard algorithms and indications		
Hazard classification and indication: Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Revision nr. 4 Talken Color Srl Dated 19/12/2024 Printed on 18/02/2025 A0090 - 9083 - PRIMER ANTICORROSIVO METALLI Page n. 2/20 Replaced revision:3 (Dated: 19/12/2024) Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements. Hazard pictograms: Signal words: Danger Hazard statements: H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H315 Causes skin irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Precautionary statements: P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F. P501 Dispose of contents in different containers for steel P102 Keep out of reach of children. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. ACETONE Contains: SOLVESSO 100 N-BUTYL ACETATE 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration \geq 0.1%.

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
ACETONE		
INDEX 606-001-00-8	26,28	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC 200-662-2		
CAS 67-64-1		
REACH Reg. 01-2119471330-49-	-	
XXXX XYLENE		
INDEX 601-022-00-9	3,731	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H30-
	0,101	STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note
EC 215-535-7		according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C ATE Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l
CAS 1330-20-7		
REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32	_	
XXX		
SOLVESSO 100		
INDEX -	3,317	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC 918-668-5		
CAS -		
REACH Reg. 01-2119455851-35		
2-BUTOXYETHANOL		
NDEX 603-014-00-0	2,48	Acute Tox. 3 H331, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
EC 203-905-0		LD50 Oral: 1200 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation mists/powders: 0,501 mg/l
CAS 111-76-2		
REACH Reg. 01-2119475108-36 (XXX	-	
TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHAT	E)	
INDEX 030-011-00-6	1,658	Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC 231-944-3		
CAS 7779-90-0		
N-BUTYL ACETATE		
NDEX 607-025-00-1	1,244	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC 204-658-1		
CAS 123-86-4		
REACH Reg. 01-2119485493-29		
ETHYLBENZENE		
INDEX 601-023-00-4	0,415	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373
EC 202-849-4		Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 ATE Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l
CAS 100-41-4		······································
REACH Reg. 01-2119489370-35	-	

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INDEX 030-013-00-7	0,249	Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC 215-222-5		
CAS 1314-13-2		
QUARTZ		
INDEX -	0,05	STOT RE 2 H373
EC 238-878-4		
CAS 14808-60-7		
TRIETHYLAMINE		
INDEX 612-004-00-5	0,041	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335
EC 204-469-4		STOT SE 3 H335: ≥ 1%
CAS 121-44-8		LD50 Oral: 100 mg/kg, LD50 Dermal: 300 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation mists/powders: 0,501 mg/l

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants.

Percentage of propellants: 43,60 %

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor / . . . if you feel unwell.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

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Running water for skin and eye wash.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour

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accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2023
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983;
		Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive
		2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2023

ACETONE Threshold Limit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	1210	500			
VLEP	ITA	1210	500			
WEL	GBR	1210	500	3620	1500	
OEL	EU	1210	500			
TLV-ACGIH			250		500	

TALC

Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLA	ESP	2				RESP	
WEL	GBR	1				RESP	
TLV-ACGIH		2				RESP	

XYLENE

Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	

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OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH			20			
2-BUTOXYET Threshold Lin						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observations
VLA	ESP	98	20	245	50	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	98	20	246	50	SKIN
					50	SKIN
WEL	GBR	123	25	246		
OEL TLV-ACGIH	EU	98 97	20 20	246	50	SKIN
N-BUTYL AC	ETATE					
Threshold Lin	mit Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	241	50	723	150	
VLEP	ITA	241	50	723	150	
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200	
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150	
TLV-ACGIH			50		150	
ETHYLBENZ	ENE					
Threshold Li	mit Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	441	100	884	200	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		87	20			
ZINC OXIDE						
Threshold Lin Type	mit Value Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /
71-		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observations
VLA	ESP	2	11	10	11	
TLV-ACGIH	201	2		10		RESP
		£				
QUARTZ Threshold Li						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP		0,05			RESP

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VLEP	ITA	0.1				RESP
OEL	EU	0,1				RESP
TLV-ACGIH	20	0,025				RESP
		0,020				
TRIETHYLAMIN						
Threshold Limit Type	t Value Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observations
VLA	ESP	8,4	2	12,6	3	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	8,4	2	12,6	3	SKIN
WEL	GBR	8	2	17	4	SKIN
OEL	EU	8,4	2	12,6	3	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH			0,5		1	SKIN
8.2. Exposure c	ontrols					
hrough effective lo Vhen choosing pe	ocal aspiration.	equipment, ask your	chemical substa	over personal protect ance supplier for advic blies with applicable st	ce.	, make sure that the workplace is well ai
Provide an emerge	ency shower with f	ace and eye wash s	tation.			
IAND PROTECTI None required.	ION					
			safety footwea	r (see Regulation 201	6/425 and star	ndard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with so
YE PROTECTIO		e standard EN ISO 1	6321).			
	ction devices mus			s adopted are not suit e P filter should be wo		cting the worker's exposure to the thresh rd EN 14387).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

I			
	Properties Appearance	Value aerosol	Information
	Colour	opalescent	
	Odour	characteristic of solvent	
	Melting point / freezing point	not available	
	Initial boiling point	not applicable	
	Flammability	non applicabile per aerosol	
	Lower explosive limit	not available	
	Upper explosive limit	not available	
	Flash point	not applicable	
	Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
	Decomposition temperature	not available	
	рН	not available	
	Kinematic viscosity	not available	
	Solubility	solubile in acetone e/o	
	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
	Vapour pressure	not available	
	Density and/or relative density	0,712	
	Relative vapour density	not available	
	Particle characteristics	not applicable	
1			

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) Explosive properties 81,11 % - 577,49 g/litre durante l'uso puo' formare con l'aria miscele esplosive o infiammabili

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ACETONE

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

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2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

ACETONE

Risk of explosion on contact with: bromine trifluoride,fluorine dioxide,hydrogen peroxide,nitrosyl chloride,2-methyl-1,3 butadiene,nitromethane,nitrosyl perchlorate.May react dangerously with: potassium tert-butoxide,alkaline hydroxides,bromine,bromoform,isoprene,sodium,sulphur dioxide,chromium trioxide,chromyl chloride,nitric acid,chloroform,peroxymonosulphuric acid,phosphoryl oxychloride,chromosulphuric acid,fluorine,strong oxidising agents,strong reducing agents.Develops flammable gas on contact with: nitrosyl perchlorate.

XYLENE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants.Attacks various types of plastic materials.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

ACETONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

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Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

ACETONE

Incompatible with: acids,oxidising substances.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

ACETONE

May develop: ketenes, irritant substances.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May develop: hydrogen.

ETHYLBENZENE

May develop: methane,styrene,hydrogen,ethane.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

XYI FNF WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

ETHYLBENZENE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

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Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

XYLENE

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

ETHYLBENZENE

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispesl). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

Interactive effects

XYLENE

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

ACUTE TOXICITY ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	> 5 mg/l >2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg
XYLENE LD50 (Dermal): ATE (Dermal):	4350 mg/kg Rabbit 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): ATE (Inhalation mists/powders):	3523 mg/kg Rat 26 mg/l/4h Rat 1,5 mg/l (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
2-BUTOXYETHANOL LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): ATE (Inhalation mists/powders):	1200 mg/kg Guinea pig 3 mg/l/4h Rat 0,501 mg/l (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE) LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	> 5000 mg/kg Rat - Wistar > 5,7 mg/l Rat
N-BUTYL ACETATE LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 5000 mg/kg Rabbit > 6400 mg/kg Rat 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat
ETHYLBENZENE LD50 (Dermal):	15354 mg/kg Rabbit

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LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

TRIETHYLAMINE LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

300 mg/kg 100 mg/kg 7,2 mg/l/4h

3500 mg/kg Rat

17,2 mg/l/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

ETHYLBENZENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000). Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Excluded because the aerosol does not allow the accumulation of a significant amount of product in the mouth

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

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SECTION 12. Ecological information	n		
This product is dangerous for the environment and the 12.1. Toxicity	e aquatic organisms. In the long term, it has negative eff	fects on the aquatic environment.	
TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)			
LC50 - for Fish	0,78 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas		
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,86 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna		
ZINC OXIDE			
LC50 - for Fish	1,1 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss		
EC50 - for Crustacea	1,7 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna		
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,14 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapita	ta	
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,53 mg/l		
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,024 mg/l		
12.2. Persistence and degradability			
XYLENE			
Solubility in water	100 - 1000 mg/l		
Rapidly degradable ETHYLBENZENE			
Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l		
Rapidly degradable 2-BUTOXYETHANOL			
Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l		
Rapidly degradable ACETONE			
Rapidly degradable N-BUTYL ACETATE			
Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l		
TRIETHYLAMINE			
Solubility in water	> 10000 mg/l		
Rapidly degradable TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)			
Solubility in water	2,7 mg/l		
Degradability: information not available			
ZINC OXIDE			
Solubility in water	2,9 mg/l		
NOT rapidly degradable			
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
XYLENE			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,12		
BCF	25,9		

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ETHYLBENZENE	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,6
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,81
ACETONE	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	-0,23
BCF	3
N-BUTYL ACETATE	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	2,3
BCF	15,3
TRIETHYLAMINE	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,45
BCF	< 0,5
ZINC OXIDE	
BCF	> 175

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

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Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

The management of waste arising from the use or dispersal of this product must be organised in accordance with occupational safety regulations. See section 8 for possible need for PPE. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	AEROSOLS
IMDG:	AEROSOLS
IATA:	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1
IMDG:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1
ΙΑΤΑ:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1



ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	not marine pollutant
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: Special provision: 190, 327, 344, 625	Limited Quantities: 1 It	Tunnel restriction code: (D)
IMDG:	EMS: F-D, S-U	Limited Quantities: 1 It	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 150 kg	Packaging instructions: 203
	Passengers:	Maximum quantity: 75	Packaging instructions:



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kg Special provision: A145, A16	203 7,
A802	
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	
Information not relevant	
SECTION 15. Regulatory information	
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P3a	
Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006	2
Product Point 40	
Contained substance	
Point 75	
Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors	
Regulated explosives precursor The acquisition, introduction, possession or use of that regulated explosives precursor by members of the obligations as set out in Article 9. All suspicious transactions and significant disappearances and thefts must be reported to the relevant national c	
Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)	
On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.	
Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)	
None	
Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:	
None	
Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:	
None	
Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:	
None	
Healthcare controls	
Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessme	ent data prove that the risks related to the

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workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Aerosol 1	Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol 3	Aerosol, category 3
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, category 1A
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
EGEND: ADR: European Agreem	ent concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road	
ATE: Acute Toxicity Est	mate	
CAS: Chemical Abstract		
	ration (required to induce a 50% effect) uropean archive of existing substances)	
· CLP: Regulation (EC) 12		
DNEL: Derived No Effect	t Level	
EmS: Emergency Scher		
	ed System of classification and labeling of chemicals Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation	
IC50: Immobilization Co		
	itime Code for dangerous goods	
IMO: International Mariti	•	
INDEX: Identifier in Ann LC50: Lethal Concentra		
LD50: Lethal dose 50%		
OEL: Occupational Expo		
 PBT: Persistent, bioacci PEC: Predicted environi 		
PEC. Predicted environ		
PMT: Persistent, mobile	and toxic	
PNEC: Predicted no effe		
REACH: Regulation (EC	ing the international transport of dangerous goods by train	
TLV: Threshold Limit Va		
	ation that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.	
 TWA: Time-weighted av TWA STEL: Short-term 		
VOC: Volatile organic C		
vPvB: Very persistent a		
 vPvM: Very persistent a WGK: Water hazard classifier 		
	uses (German).	
	N	
GENERAL BIBLIOGRAP	TY 2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament	
	2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament	
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/8	878 (IÌ Annex of REACH Regulation)	
	009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament	
	011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament	
7. Regulation (EU) 487/20	013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament	
	013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament	
	014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament /1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament	
	/221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament	
12. Regulation (EU) 2016		
13. Regulation (EU) 2017		
14. Regulation (EU) 2018 15. Regulation (EU) 2019		
	(UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)	
17. Regulation (EU) 2019	/1148	
	(UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)	
	(UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP) (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)	
	(UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)	
	(UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)	
23. Delegated Regulation		
23. Delegated Regulation	(UE) 2023/707 (UE) 2023/1434 (XIX Atp. CLP)	

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25. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1435 (XX Atp. CLP)

26. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2024/197 (XXI Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition

- Handling Chemical Safety

- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)

- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology

- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition

- IFA GESTIS website

ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11. Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01.